Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of Higher Education "Privolzhsky Research Medical University" Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation

BANK OF ASSESSMENT TOOLS FOR DISCIPLINE HUMANITARIAN STUDIES

Training program (specialty): 31.05.01 GENERAL MEDICINE

Department: SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HUMANITIES

Mode of study FULL-TIME

Nizhniy Novgorod 2021

1. Bank of assessment tools for the current monitoring of academic performance, midterm assessment of students in the discipline

This Bank of Assessment Tools (BAT) for the discipline "Humanitarian Studies" is an integral appendix to the working program of the discipline "Humanitarian Studies". All the details of the approval submitted in the WPD for this discipline apply to this BAT.

(Banks of assessment tools allow us to evaluate the achievement of the planned results stated in the educational program.

Assessment tools are a bank of control tasks, as well as a description of forms and procedures designed to determine the quality of mastering study material by students.)

2. List of assessment tools

The following assessment tools are used to determine the quality of mastering the academic material by students in the discipline:

No.	Assessment tool	Brief description of the assessment tool	Presentation of the assessment tool in the BAT
1	Tests	A system of standardized tasks that allows you to automate the procedure for measuring the level of knowledge and skills of a student	Test Task Fund
2	Report	The product of the student's independent work, which is a public presentation on the presentation of the results obtained by solving a certain educational, practical, educational, research or scientific topic	Topics of reports, messages
3	Creative task	A partially regulated task that has a non-standard solution and allows you to diagnose skills, integrate knowledge of various fields, and argue your own point of view. It can be performed individually or by a group of students.	Topics of group and/or individual creative tasks

3. A list of competencies indicating the stages of their formation in the process of mastering the educational program and the types of evaluation tools

Code and formulation of competence*	Stage of competence formation	Controlled sections of the discipline	Assessment tools
UK-1, UK-3, UK-5.	Current	Section 1. Theoretical approaches to the structure and functions of the state and the political system.	Creative task, Report
UK-1, UK-3, UK-5.	Current	Section 2. State and political structure of modern Russia.	Creative task, Report

UK-1, UK-3, UK-5. Intermediate	Section 1. Section 2.	Test tasks, Credit
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4. The content of the assessment tools of entry, current control

Entry /current control is carried out by the discipline teacher when conducting classes in the form of: Creative task, Report, Test tasks

4.1. Tasks for the assessment of competence UK-1, UK-3, UK-5.

Examples of creative tasks:

Option 1. It is generally recognized that the presence of a solid ideological base has historically contributed to the successful development of many states, especially at the early stages of their development.

Think about whether this statement is true for the Russian state after its peoples adopted The electoral system of modern Russia? Give examples of the positive and negative impact of this event on the future of the country.

Display possible versions of the historical development of the country in your opinion in case of adoption of one of the other religions or rejection of monotheism in the form of a "scheme of alternatives".

Option 2. The facts of falsification of National history often fall into the modern media space, especially in relation to the events of the XX century and the period of the Great Patriotic War.

Think about what are the historical and political prerequisites of the most common myths? Draw meaningful parallels between the origins of the most common myths and their supposed consequences.

Display the situation in the form of a linear graphic scheme of three components: "the causes of the myth — the false content of the falsified event — the negative social consequences of falsification."

4.2. Tasks (assessment tools) for the credit

The full package of tasks is given UK-1, UK-3, UK-5, OPK-1:

- 1. Purpose, objectives and basic concepts of the course.
- 2. State power, signs and functions of the state.
- 3. Separation of powers and state bodies.
- 4. The political system of society.
- 5. Typology of states.
- 6. Monarchy and its types.
- 7. Republic and its types.
- 8. State structure of modern Russia.
- 9. The political elite of the Russian Federation in the 1990s.
- 10. The political elite of the Russian Federation in the 2000s.
- 11. Structure and political functions of the elite of modern Russia.
- 12. The party system of modern Russia.
- 13. The electoral system of modern Russia.
- 14. Activities of the State Duma of the Russian Federation I-VII convocations.
- 15. Authorities in the Nizhny Novgorod region.
- 16. Authorities in Nizhny Novgorod.
- 17. Historical prerequisites for democratic transformations in the USSR.
- 18. Democratization of the political system in the USSR and the Russian Federation and its consequences.
 - 19. The USSR at the end of the twentieth century in the structure of the world community.
 - 20. The Russian Federation is a new democratic state.
- 21. The Constitution of the Russian Federation of 1993. Contradictions and difficulties of implementation.
 - 22. Russian political system and its transformation.
 - 23. Economic transformations in the Russian Federation and entry into the world market.
 - 24. The main directions of the foreign policy of the Russian Federation.

5. The content of the assessment tools of mid-term assessment

Mid-term assessment is carried out in the form of a credit.

- 5.1 The list of control tasks and other materials necessary for the assessment of knowledge, skills and work experience
 - 5.1.1. Questions for the credit in the discipline "Humanitarian Studies"

Question	Competence code (according to the WPD)
1. THE OLD RUSSIAN STATE IS A PERIOD	UK-1, UK-3, UK-5.
1) VI-IX centuries	0K-1, 0K-3, 0K-3.
<u>'</u>	
2) VIII-XI centuries	
3) IX-X centuries	
4) IX-XII centuries	
2. THE PATRON OF HISTORY IS THE ANCIENT GREEK	
MUSE	
1) Melpomene	
2) Terpsichore	
3) Clio	
4) Urania	
3. THE CAPITAL OF THE OLD RUSSIAN STATE WAS THE	
CITY	
1) Kyiv	
2) Iskorosten	
3) Pskov	
4) Yaroslavl	
4. THE OLDEST WRITTEN SOURCE ON THE HISTORY OF	
Rus'	
1) Tale of Bygone Years	
2) Teachings of Vladimir Monomakh	
3) The story of Peter and Fevronier	
THE METHODS OF HISTORICAL KNOWLEDGE ARE	
1) Comparative historical	
2) Television express poll	
3) Retrospective	
4) Biometrics	
6. THERE ARE NO WRITTEN SOURCES	
1) Chronicle	
2) Birch bark	
3) Murals	
4) Russian Truth	
5) Spinner	
7. AUXILIARY HISTORICAL DISCIPLINES	
1) Heraldry	
2) Numismatics	
3) Archeology	
4) Paleontology	
5) Axiomatics	
8. RUSSIAN HISTORY IS NOT STUDYED	
1) Herodotus	
2) Pliny	
3) Karamzin	
4) Solovyov	

5) Klyuchevsky

9. RUSSIAN HISTORY STUDYED

- 1) Herodotus
- 2) Lomonosov
- 3) Plutarch
- 4) Solovyov
- 5) Klyuchevsky

10. SOCIAL FUNCTIONS OF HISTORY

- 1) Historical experience, history lessons
- 2) Foresight of the future
- 3) Awareness of the present
- 4) Establishing the truth in the historical past

11. CHOOSE THE RIGHT CHRONOLOGICAL SEQUENCES OF THE KINGS

- 1) Rurik, Oleg, Igor, Olga, Svyatoslav
- 2) Olga, Oleg, Vladimir, Yaroslav
- 3) Vladimir, Igor, Yaroslav, Svyatoslav
- 4) Svyatoslav, Vladimir, Yaroslav

12. MATERIAL SOURCES ARE

- 1) Ancient coins
- 2) Birch bark letters
- 3) Legends, epics
- 4) Toponyms (names of cities, villages)
- 5) Utensils

13. DO NOT APPLY TO MATERIAL SOURCES

- 1) Birch bark letters
- 2) Legends, epics
- 3) Toponyms (names of cities, villages)
- 4) Utensils

14. THE PRINCIPLE OF HISTORICISM IS

- Consideration of a historical event in the context of the historical era under study
- The introduction of personal assessments and value judgments in relation to the phenomenon under study
- The study of the past based on modern political ideals, ideological guidelines and values.
- Detection of relationships between events and the establishment of objective causes of a particular historical event

15. ARCHEOLOGY IS A SCIENCE STUDYING

- 1) Folklore
- 2) Ancient artifacts for the purpose of reconstructing the historical past
- 3) Material objects of past eras to recreate a picture of the past
- 4) Rites and rituals with the aim of reconstructing the religious ideas of previous eras

16. NUMISMATICS IS A SCIENCE STUDYING

- 1) Banknotes of past eras
- 2) Ancient coins
- 3) Pedigrees of noble families
- 4) Architectural monuments

17. MATCH THE CITY AND ITS "RULES"

- 1) Kyiv > prince Oleg, Vladimir
- 2) Moscow > Prince Yuri Dolgoruky, Ivan Kalita
- 3) St. Petersburg > Peter I, Catherine II

18. MATCH CHRONOLOGICALLY 1) IX-XI -> Old Russian state 2) XVIII -> The era of Europeanization 3) XIX -> Age of Modernization

19. ESTABLISH THE CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN THE PERIOD AND THE RULER OF Rus', RUSSIA

- 1) IX-XI -> Prince Yaroslav the Wise, Prince Svyatoslav
- 2) XVIII -> Catherine I, Catherine II
- 3) XIX -> Alexander I, Alexander II

20. ESTABLISH THE CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN THE HISTORICAL SOURCE AND ITS TYPOLOGY.

- 1) Written source -> chronicle, birch bark
- 2) Folklore source -> songs, epics, fairy tales
- 3) Material source-> coins, household items
- 4) Ethnographic source -> description of the life of the ancient peoples

21. ANCIENT RUSSIANS ACCEPTED CHRISTIANITY IN

- 1) in 862 under Prince Rurik
- 2) in 882 under Prince Oleg
- 3) in 955 under Princess Olga
- 4) in 988 under Prince Vladimir

22. SLAVIC TRIBES WERE NOT

- 1) Glades
- 2) Slovenia
- 3) Merya
- 4) Murom
- 5) Drevlyans

23. CHOOSE THE RIGHT CHRONOLOGICAL SEQUENCE

OF THE BOARD OF PRINCES

- 1) Rurik, Oleg, Igor, Olga
- 2) Svyatopolk, Igor, Olga, Svyatoslav
- 3) Svyatoslav, Vladimir, Yaroslav
- 4) Oleg, Olga, Igor, Svyatoslav

24. THE FOLLOWING WRITTEN SOURCES RELATE TO THE OLD RUSSIAN PERIOD

- 1) Tale of Bygone Years
- 2) Teachings of Vladimir Monomakh
- 3) Russian Truth
- 4) Zadonshchina
- 5) Sudebnik of Ivan III

25. THE FOLLOWING WRITTEN SOURCES RELATE TO THE OLD RUSSIAN PERIOD

- 1) Tale of Bygone Years
- 2) Teachings of Vladimir Monomakh
- 3) Russian Truth
- 4) Zadonshchina
- 5) Sudebnik of Ivan III

26. EASTERN SLAVES SETTLED IN RIVER BASINS

- 1) Dnipro
- 2) Magus
- 3) Vyatka
- 4) Kuban
- 5) Kama

27. THE OLDEST CITIES OF Rus' ARE

- 1) Kyiv 2) Novgorod 3) Vladimir on the Klyazma 4) Moscow 28. Pagan gods of the Slavs are 1) Perun 2) Veles 3) Mitra 4) Dazhdbog 5) Janus 29. THE PAGAN GODS OF THE SLAVES ARE NOT 1) Perun 2) Veles 3) Mitra 4) Dazhdbog 5) Janus 30. THE ROAD FROM THE VARANGIANS TO THE **GREEKS WAS PASSED BY RIVERS**
 - 1) Don
 - 2) Dnipro
 - 3) Magus
 - 4) Catch
 - 5) Pripyat
- 31. INDICATE THE FREE STATES OF THE POPULATION IN THE REVNE-RUSSIAN STATE
- 1) People
- 2) Vigilantes
- 3) Purchasing
- 4) Serfs
- 32. SVYATOSLAV WAS A PRINCE WARRIOR
- 1) Khazaria
- 2) Volga Bulgaria
- 3) Byzantium
- 4) Armenia
- 33. TO SEMI-INDEPENDENT POPULATION IN Rus' WERE
- 1) Ryadovichi
- 2) Purchasing
- 3) People
- 4) Outcasts
- 34. SEMI-INDEPENDENT STRATES OF THE POPULATION IN Rus' WERE
- 1) Smerdy
- 2) Purchasing
- 3) Artisans
- 4) Tiunas
- 35. WITH THE ACCEPTANCE OF CHRISTIANITY IN Rus'
- 1) Construction of stone temples
- 2) Lawsuits against Gentiles
- 3) Written culture based on the alphabet of Cyril and Methodius
- 4) Marriages to Byzantine princesses
- 36. INDICATE THE MOST DISPOINTED STATES OF THE POPULATION FROM THE FOLLOWING
- 1) Serfs
- 2) Outcasts

- 3) People
- 4) Vigilantes
- 5) Merchants

37. THE CENTERS OF THE POLITICAL LIFE OF THE ANCIENT RUSSIANS WERE

- 1) Kyiv
- 2) Novgorod
- 3) Iskorosten
- 4) Polotsk
- 5) Izborsk

38. ANCIENT Rus' IN THE IX-XII CENTURIES.

- 1) Tatar-Mongols
- 2) Finno-Ugric tribes
- 3) Serbs
- 4) Polovtsy
- 5) Khazars

39. MATCH THE PRINCE AND THE EVENT

Prince Vladimir -> conversion to Christianity

Prince Yaroslav the Wise -> first set of laws

Prince Oleg -> unification of Novgorod and Kyiv

Prince Svyatoslav -> victory over Khazars, Volga Bulgars

40. ESTABLISH THE CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN THE TRIBES AND THEIR PLACES OF SETTLEMENT

Polyane - > Dnipro

Slovene->Ilmen, Magus

Muroma - >Oka

Dregovichi->Marshes

Polochan->Polota

41. MATCH SOCIAL GROUPS AND THEIR

REPRESENTATIVES

Farmers -> people

Merchants -> guests

Prince's household managers -> tiuns

Old Russian warriors -> vigilantes

Tribute Collectors -> Publicans

42. RELATE BETWEEN THE TRIBES AND THEIR

POLITICAL CENTERS

Polyany - > Kyiv

Slovenia - > Novgorod

Drevlyane - > Iskorosten

Krivichi - > Smolensk

Polochane - > Polotsk

44. THE MAIN ACTIVITIES OF THE SLAVES WERE

- 1) Slash-and-burn agriculture
- 2) Wrestling
- 3) Hunting and fishing
- 4) Maritime trade
- 5) Metal mining and processing

45. PRINCE VLADIMIR CHOSEN CHRISTIANITY AS THE STATE RELIGION ON THE FOLLOWING ARGUMENTS

- 1) Byzantium, as a Christian power, became a powerful political, military ally and economic partner
- 2) Eastern Christianity allowed to pray and conduct services in their native language, for the Slavs

- 3) Vladimir's father Svyatoslav was a Christian
- 4) Christianity was widespread in Rus', since Princess Olga was baptized back in 955

46. PRINCE VLADIMIR REJECTED OFFERS OF RELIGIOUS CONFESSIONS TO ACCEPT THE FAITH

- 1) Muslims
- 2) Jews
- 3) Western Christians
- 4) Eastern Christians

47. THE PAGAN PANTOEN OF PRINCE VLADIMIR INCLUDED THE FOLLOWING DEITIES

- 1) Perun
- 2) Belbog
- 3) Semargl
- 4) Makosh

48. THE ACTING CHARACTERS OF THE EPIC "RIBION OF ILYA MUROMTS" ARE

- 1) Prince Vladimir, Ilya Muromets, Dobrynya Nikitich
- 2) Dobrynya Nikitich, Alyosha Popovich, Ilya Muromets
- 3) Nikita Zaoleshanin, Ilya Muromets, Prince Vladimir

49. RUSICH HAD THE FOLLOWING CHARACTER FEATURES

- 1) Hospitality, abuse of intoxicating (alcoholic) drinks
- 2) Sensitivity, cordiality, diligence in work
- 3) God-fearing, constant prayer and abstinence from food
- 4) Love for one's Motherland, respect for the elderly, hospitality for guests

50. WRITTEN SOURCES X-XII THAT REVEAL RUSICH'S MENTALITY ARE

- 1) Tale of Bygone Years
- 2) Teachings of Vladimir Monomakh
- 3) The rebellion of Ilya Muromets against Prince Vladimir
- 4) The Tale of Peter and Fevronia
- 5) Domostroy

Number of	The correct	Number of	The correct	Number of	The correct
test task	answer	test task	answer	test task	answer
1	4	21	4	41	1, 3, 4
2	3	22	3, 4	42	1
3	1	23	1, 3	43	1
4	1	24	1,2,3	44	1, 2, 3
5	1, 3	25	1,2,3	45	1, 2
6	3, 5	26	1, 2, 3, 6	46	1, 2, 3
7	3	27	1, 2	47	1, 3, 4
8	1, 2	28	1, 2, 4	48	1, 3
9	2, 4,5	29	3, 5	49	2, 4
10	1, 2, 3	30	2, 3, 4	50	1, 2, 3
11	1, 4	31	1,2		
12	1, 2, 5	32	1, 2, 3		
13	2, 4	33	1, 2		
14	1, 4	34	1, 2		
15	2,3	35	1, 3		

16	1, 2	36	1, 2	
17	1, 2	37	1, 2	
18	1,2,3	38	2, 4,5	
19	2	39	3	
20	1, 4	40	4	

6. Criteria for evaluating learning outcomes

For the credit:

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Learning outcomes	Not passed	Passed		
Completeness of knowledge	The level of knowledge is below the minimum requirements. There were bad mistakes.	The level of knowledge in the volume corresponding to the training program. Minor mistakes may be made		
Availability of skills	Basic skills are not demonstrated when solving standard tasks. There were bad mistakes.	Basic skills are demonstrated. Typical tasks have been solved, all tasks have been completed. Minor mistakes may be made.		
Availability of skills (possession of experience)	Basic skills are not demonstrated when solving standard tasks. There were bad mistakes.	Basic skills in solving standard tasks are demonstrated. Minor mistakes may be made.		
Motivation (personal attitude)	Educational activity and motivation are poorly expressed, there is no willingness to solve the tasks qualitatively	Educational activity and motivation are manifested, readiness to perform assigned tasks is demonstrated.		
Characteristics of competence formation	The competence is not fully formed. The available knowledge and skills are not enough to solve practical (professional) tasks. Repeated training is required	The competence developed meets the requirements. The available knowledge, skills and motivation are generally sufficient to solve practical (professional) tasks.		
The level of competence formation	Low	Medium/High		

A complete set of assessment tools for the discipline "Humanitarian Studies" is presented on the Educational portal of Privolzhsky Research Medical University: https://sdo.pimunn.net/course/view.php?id=2310#section-10

Developer:

A.V. Evdokimov, history sciences candidate, lecturer of Department of Social Sciences and Humanities.